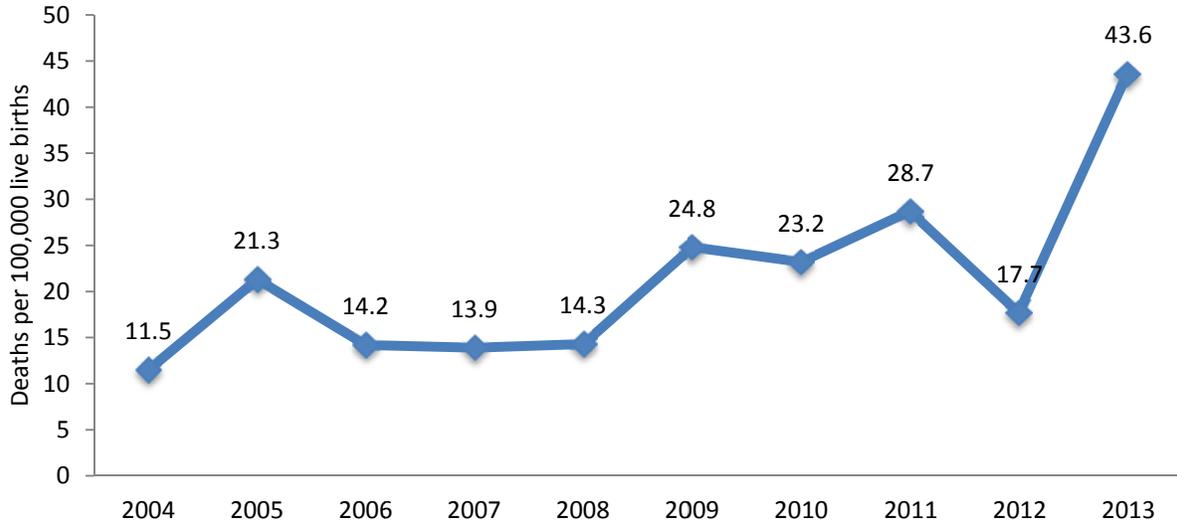


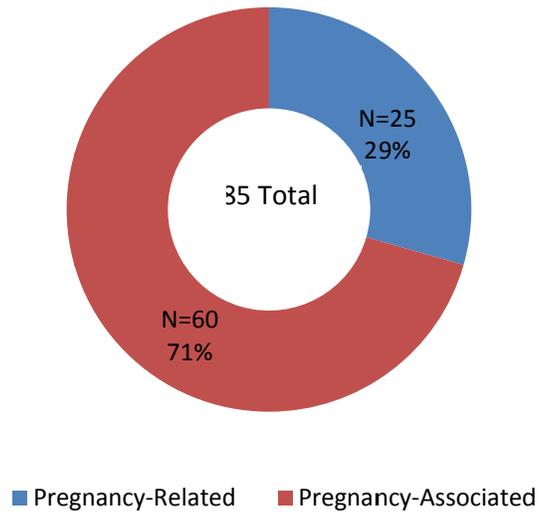
Needs Assessment Summary Graphs

Figure 1. Pregnancy-related maternal mortality ratio by year, Georgia, 2004-2013



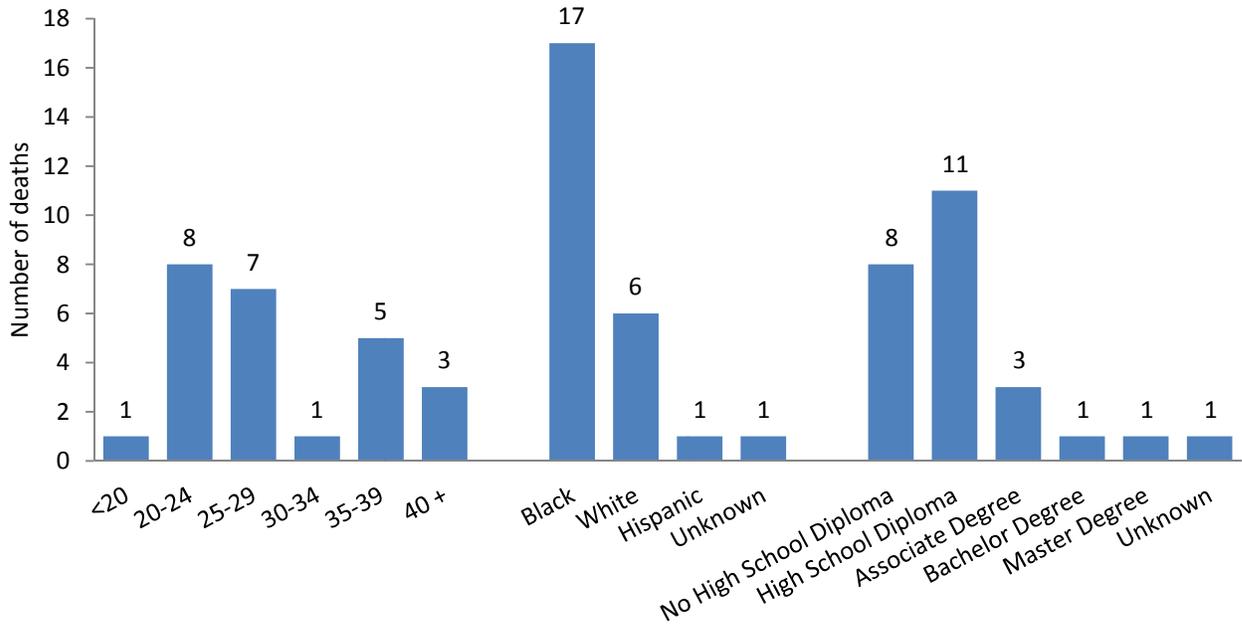
Source: OASIS

Figure 2. Maternal mortality cases, Georgia, 2012



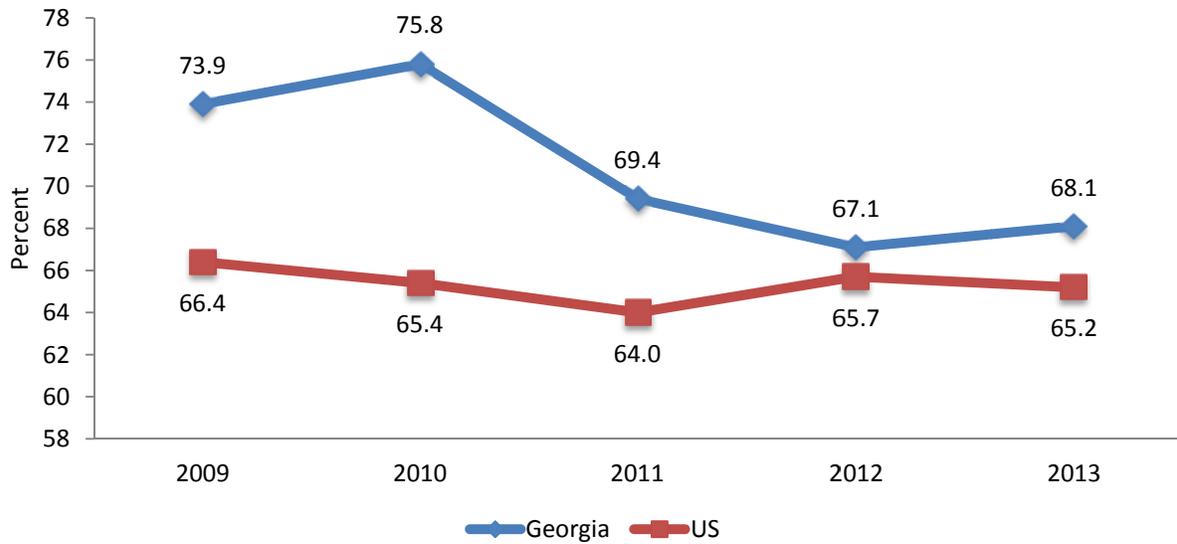
Source: Georgia Maternal Mortality Review Committee 2012

Figure 3. Pregnancy-related maternal mortality cases by age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2012



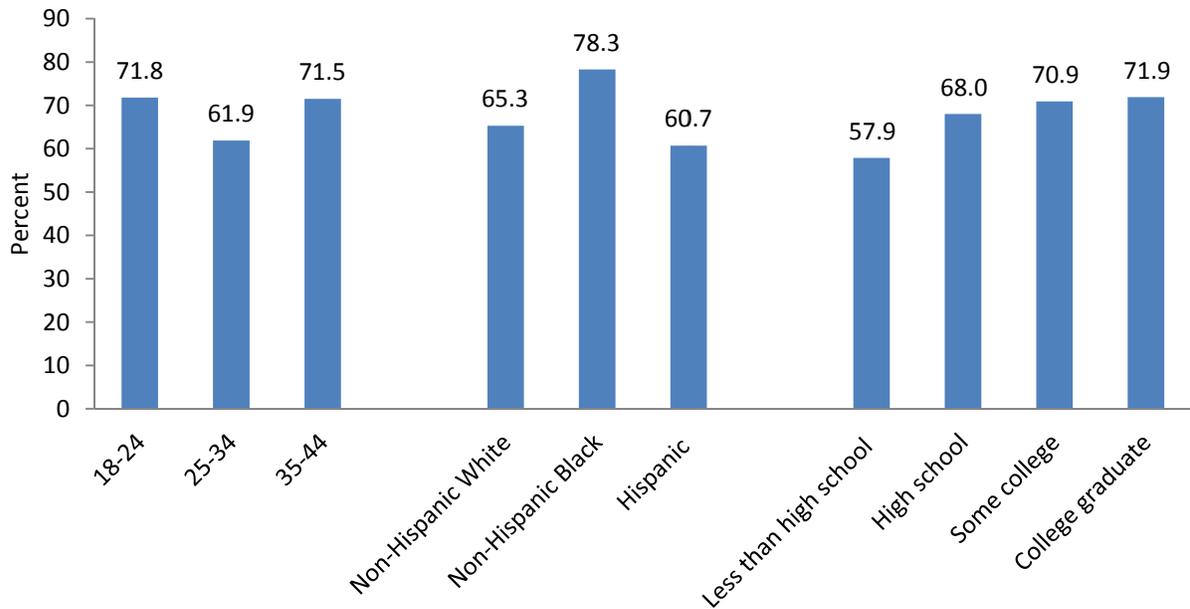
Source: Georgia Maternal Mortality Review Committee

Figure 4. Percent of women 18-44 who received a preventive medical visit in the past 12 months by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2009-2013



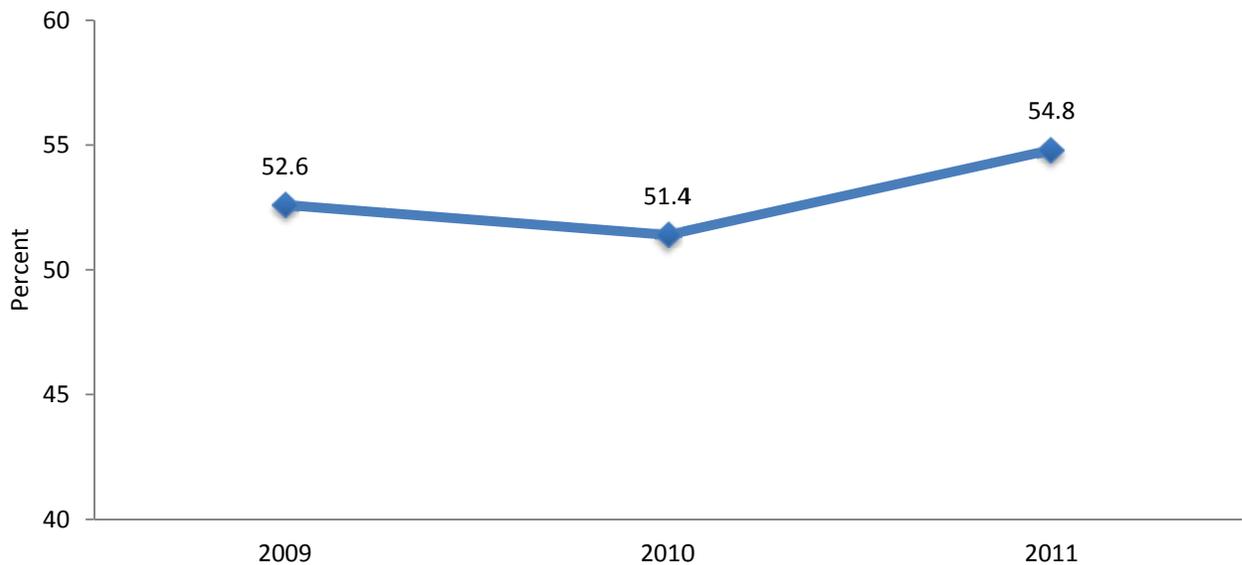
Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

Figure 5. Percent of women 18-44 who received a preventive medical visit in the past 12 months by age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2013



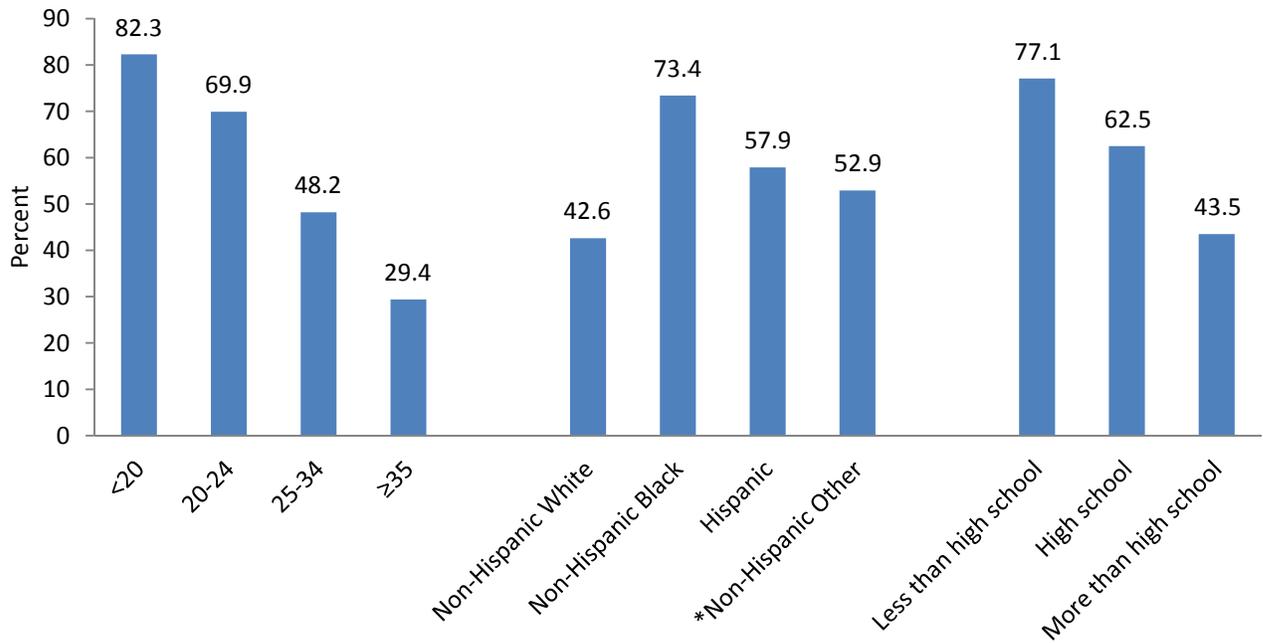
Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System

Figure 6. Percent of births reported to be unplanned by year, Georgia, 2009-2011



Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

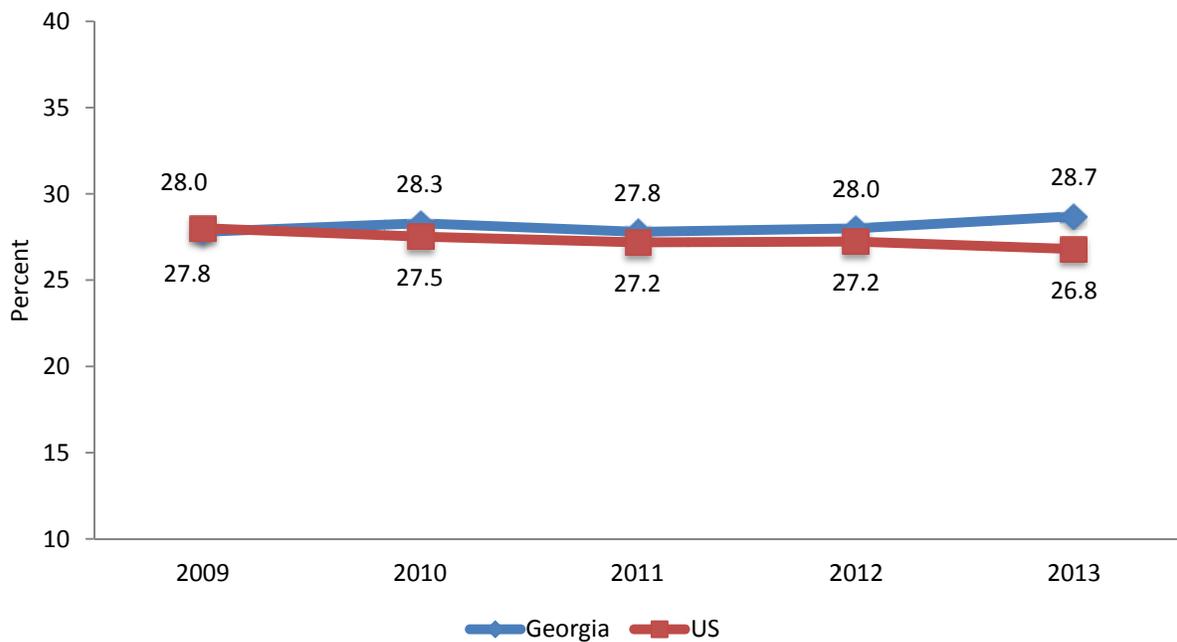
Figure 7. Percent of births reported to be unplanned by maternal age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2011



Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

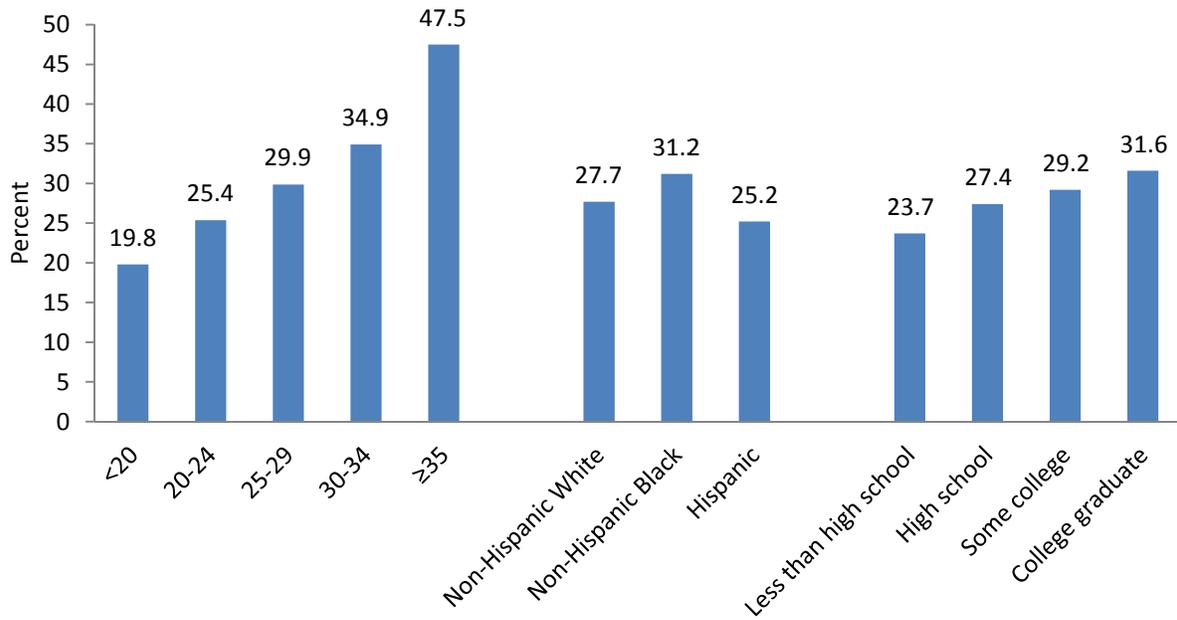
*Non-Hispanic Other includes Asian, American Indian, Hawaiian, Alaskan Native, Mixed Race and Other

Figure 8. Percent of low-risk cesarean deliveries by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2009-2013



Source: National Vital Statistics System

Figure 9. Percent of low-risk cesarean deliveries by maternal age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2013



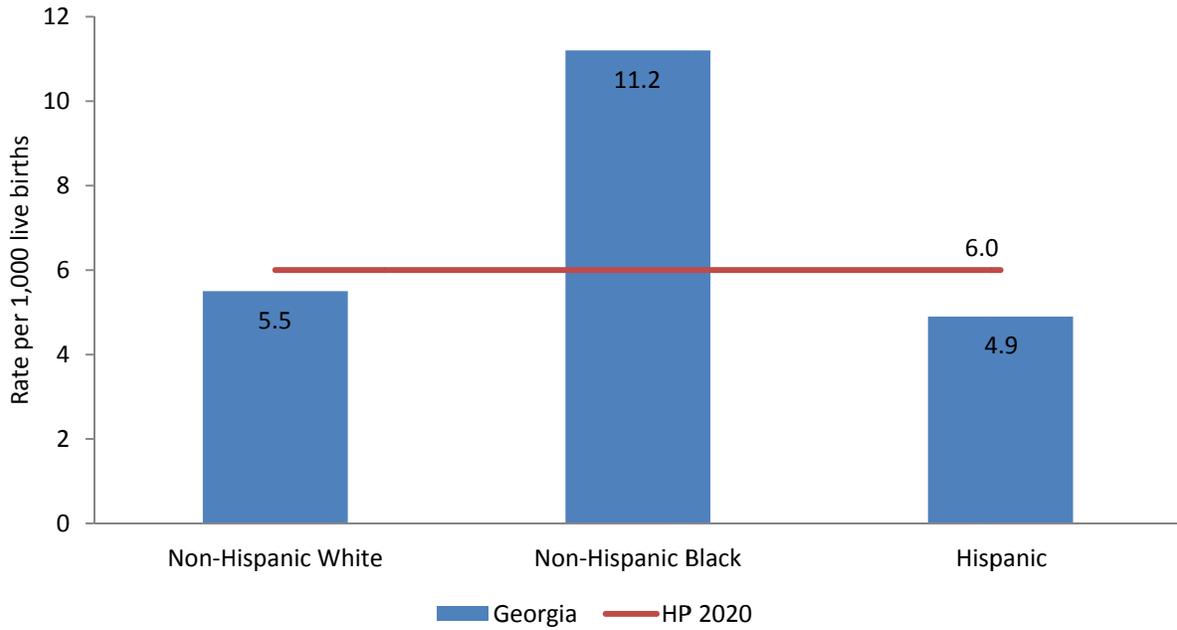
Source: National Vital Statistics System

Figure 10. Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births by year, Georgia, 2004-2013



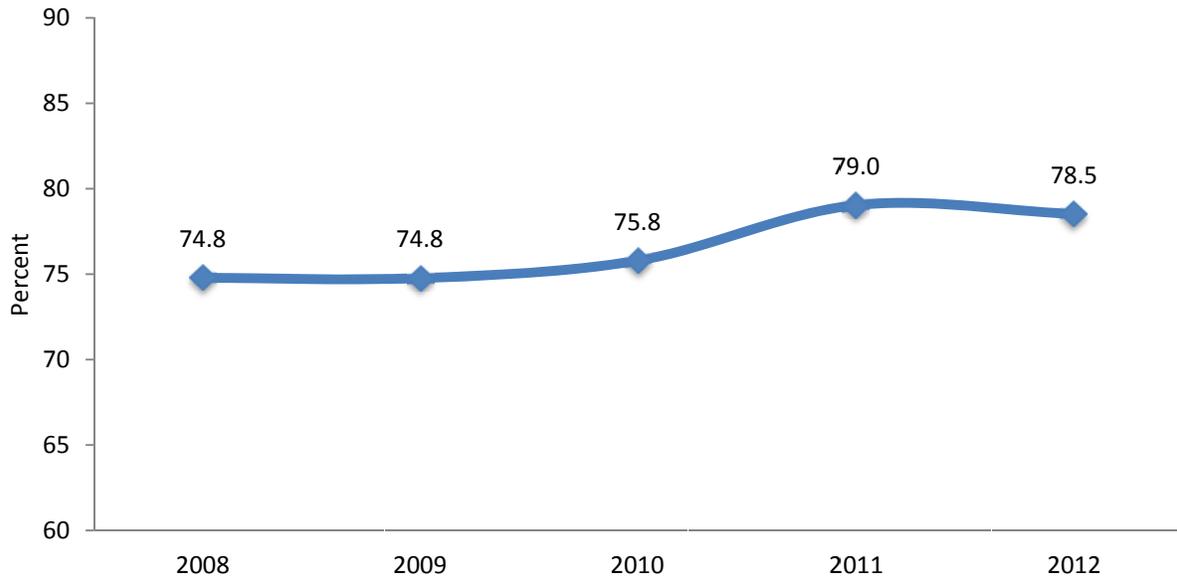
Source: OASIS

Figure 11. Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births by race/ethnicity, Georgia, 2013



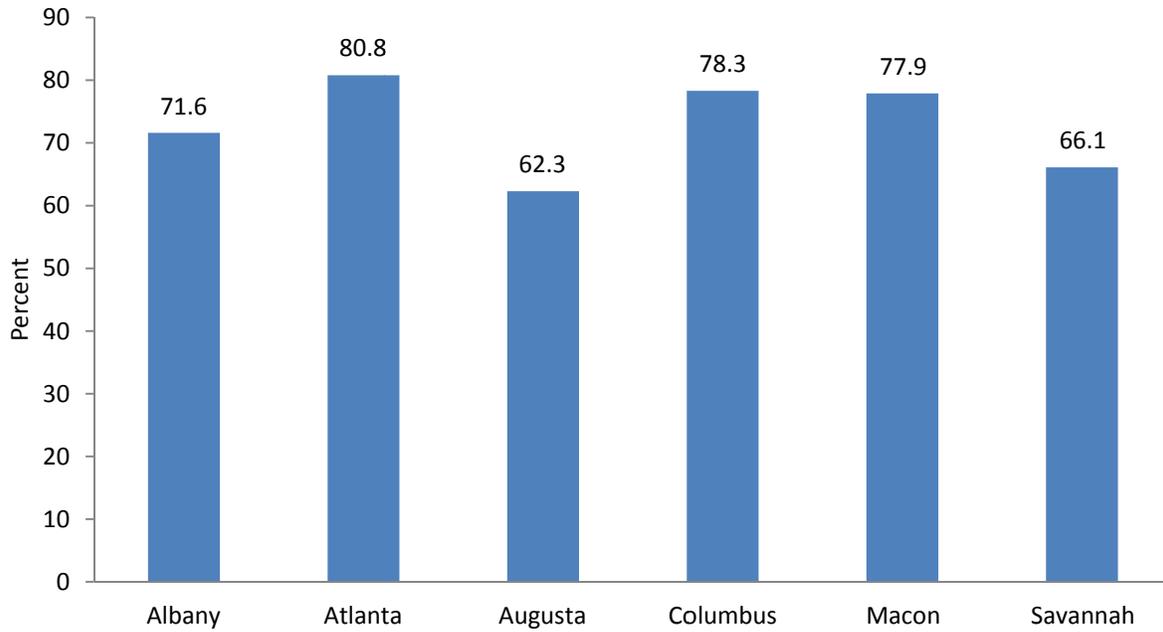
Source: OASIS

Figure 12. Percent of very low birth weight infants delivered in level III facilities by year, Georgia, 2008-2012



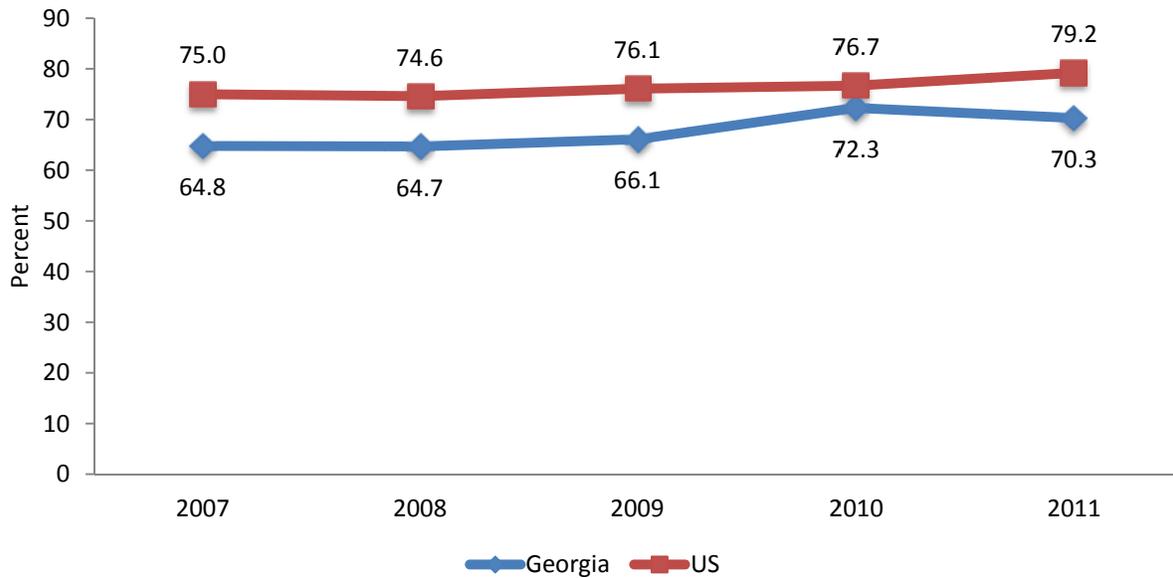
Source: Vital Records

Figure 13. Percent of very low birth weight infants delivered in Level III facilities by perinatal region, Georgia, 2008-2012



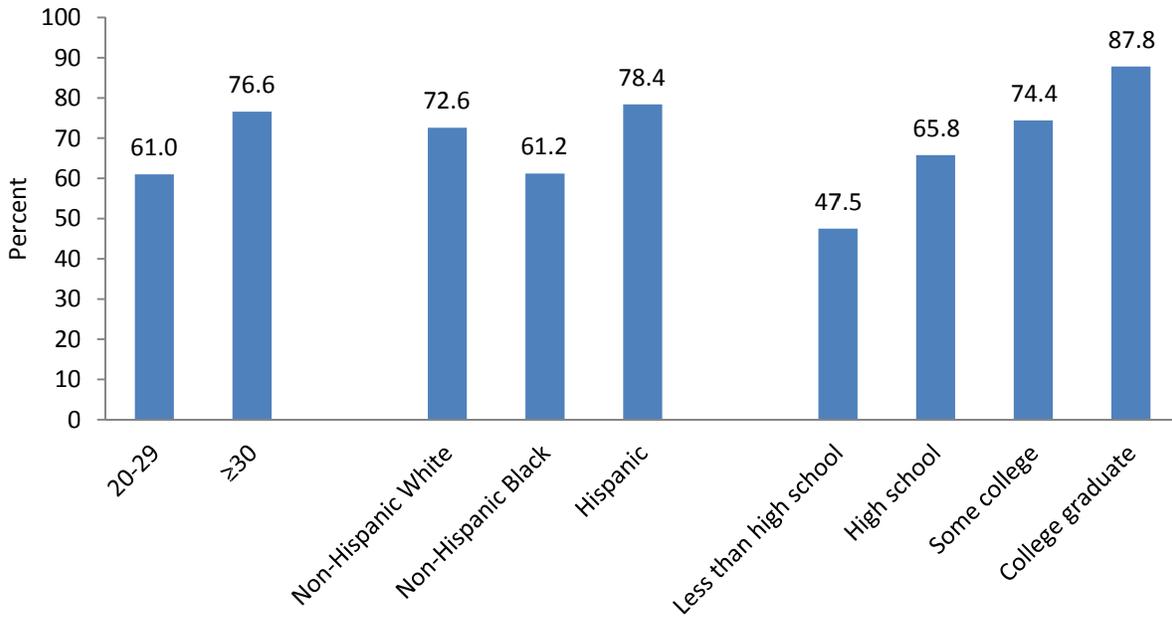
Source: Vital Records

Figure 14. Percent of infants who were ever breastfed by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2007-2011



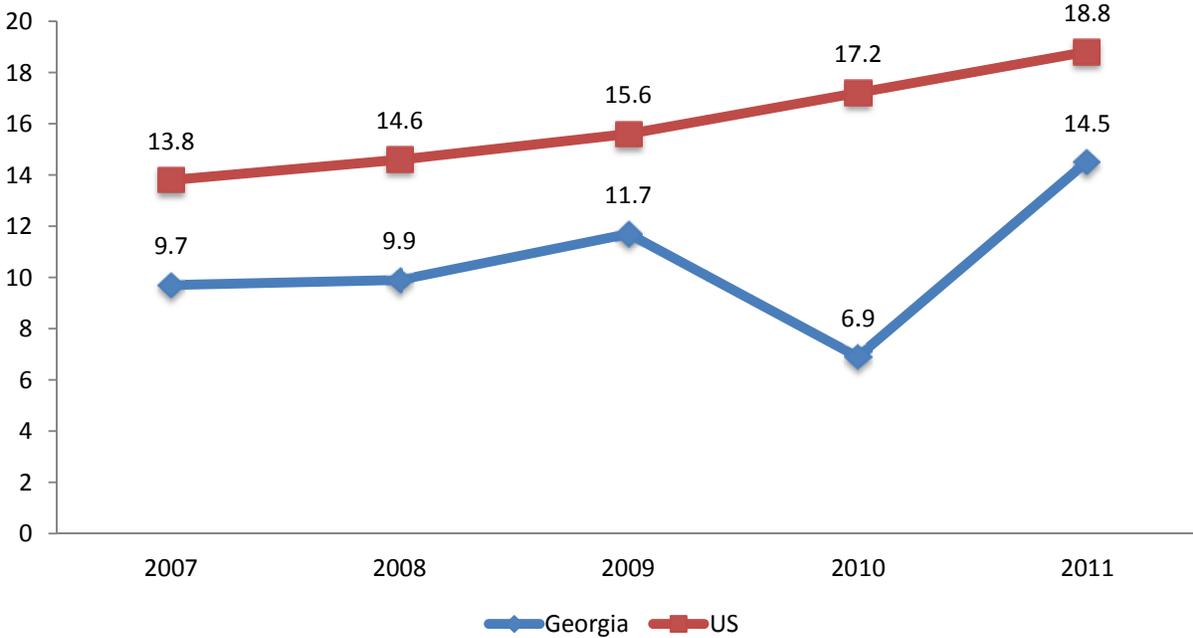
Source: National Immunization Survey

Figure 15. Percent of infants who were ever breastfed by maternal age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2011



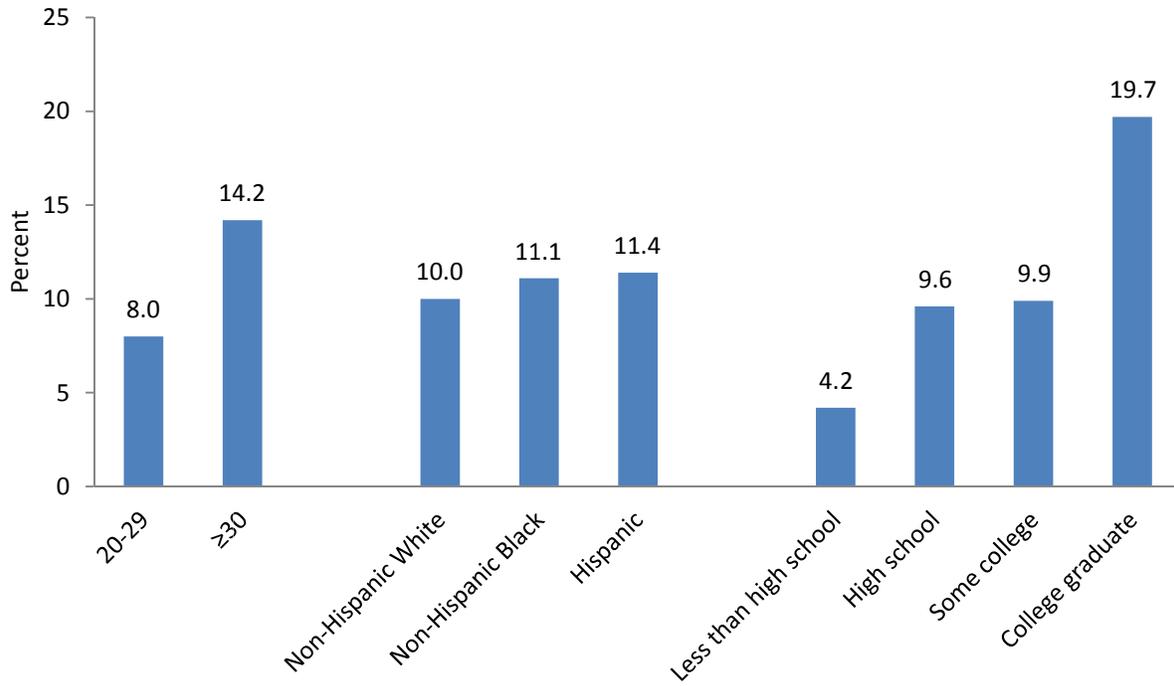
Source: National Immunization Survey

Figure 16. Percent of infants exclusively breastfed at six months by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2007-2011



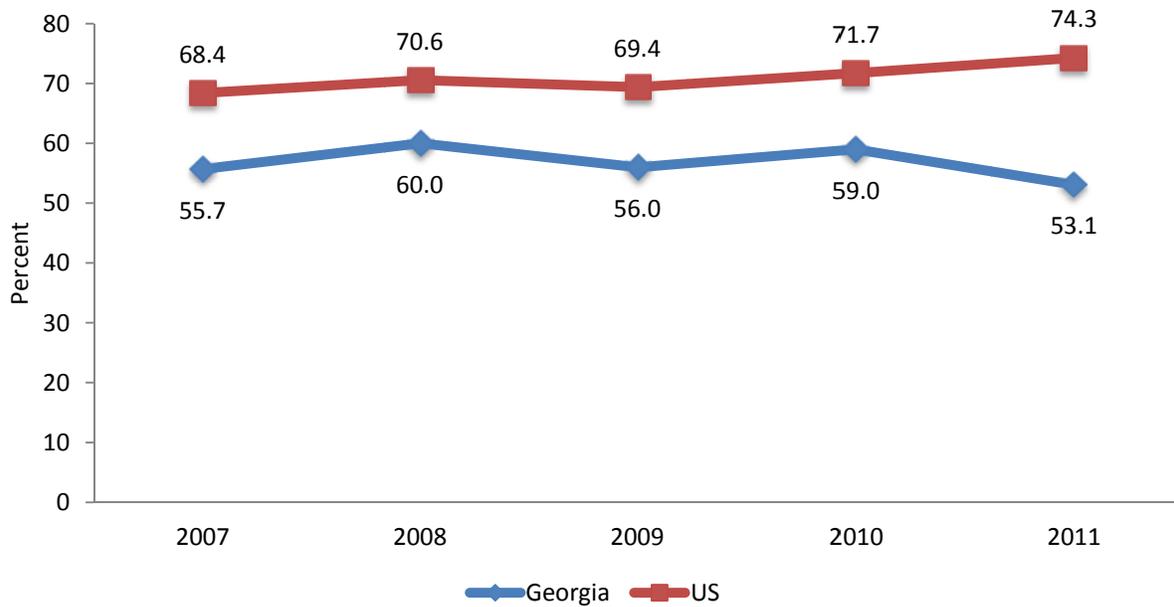
Source: National Immunization Survey

Figure 17. Percent of infants exclusively breastfed at six months by maternal age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2011



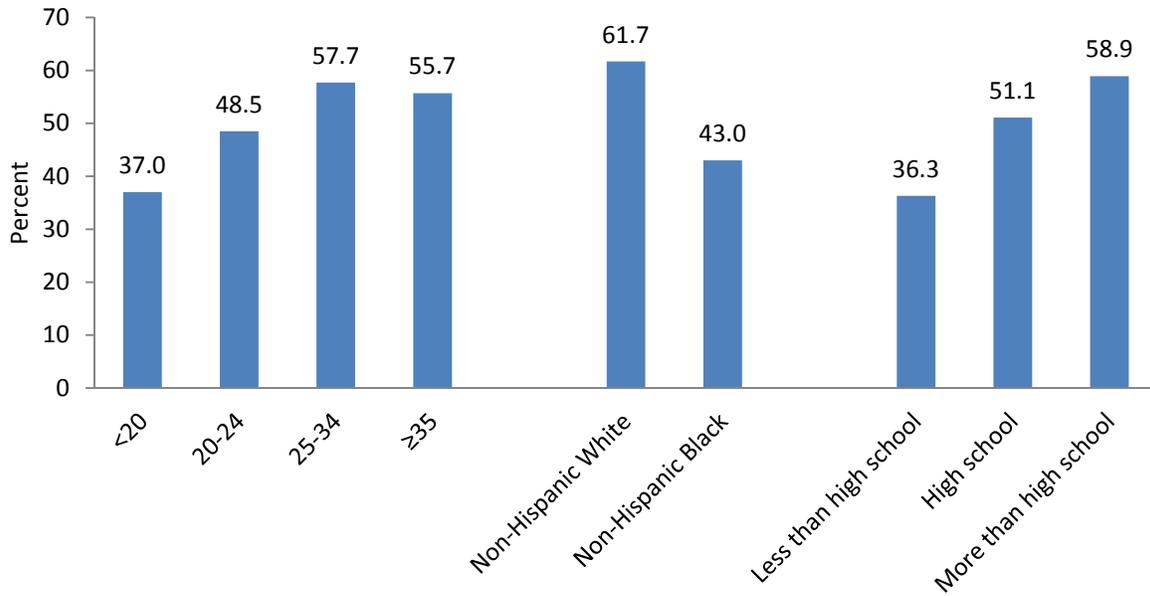
Source: National Immunization Survey

Figure 18. Percent of mothers who reported their infants are most often put on their backs to sleep by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2007-2011



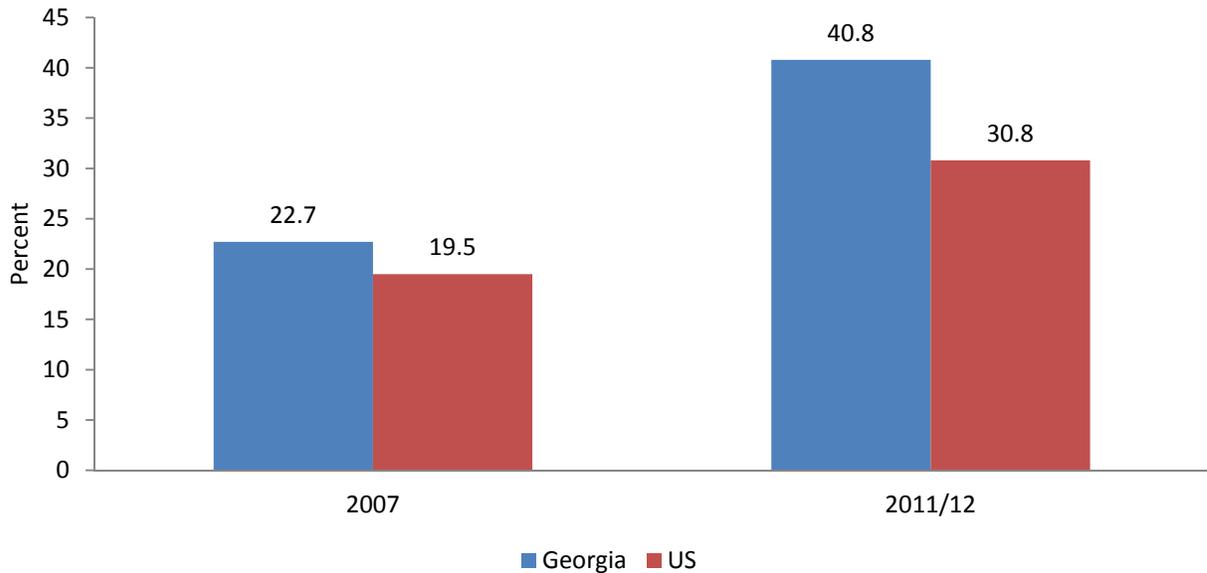
Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Figure 19. Percent of mothers who reported their infants are most often put on their backs to sleep by maternal age, race and education, Georgia, 2011



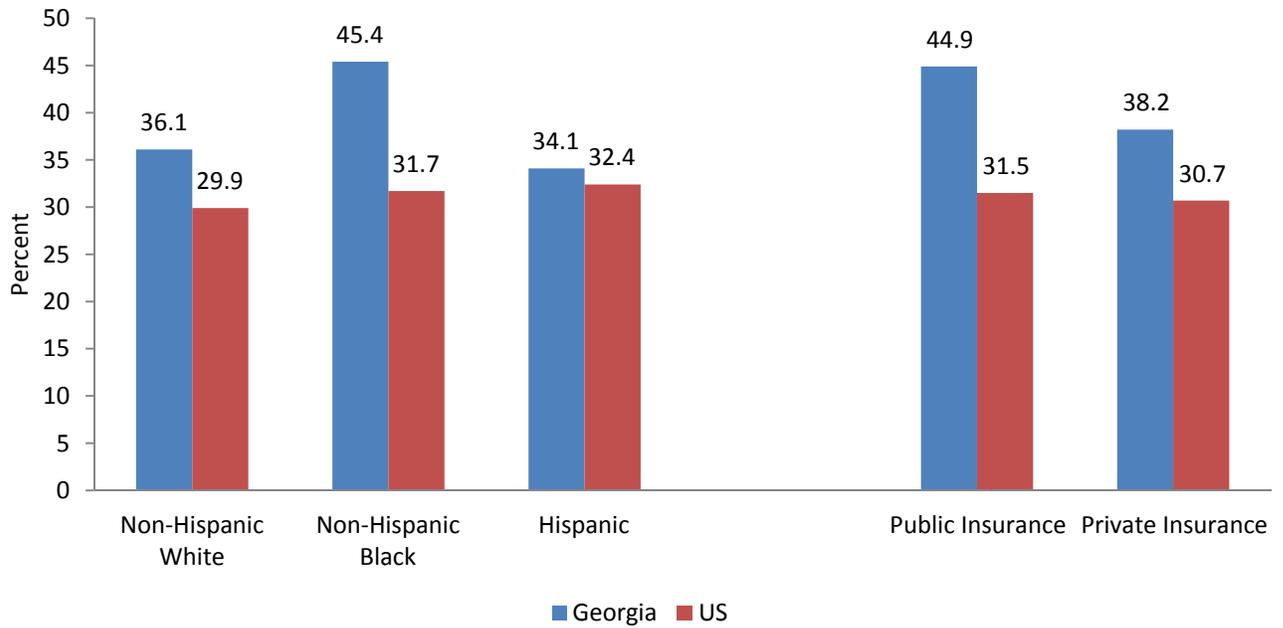
Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Figure 20. Percent of children 10 months to 5 years screened for developmental, behavioral or social delays by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2007 and 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

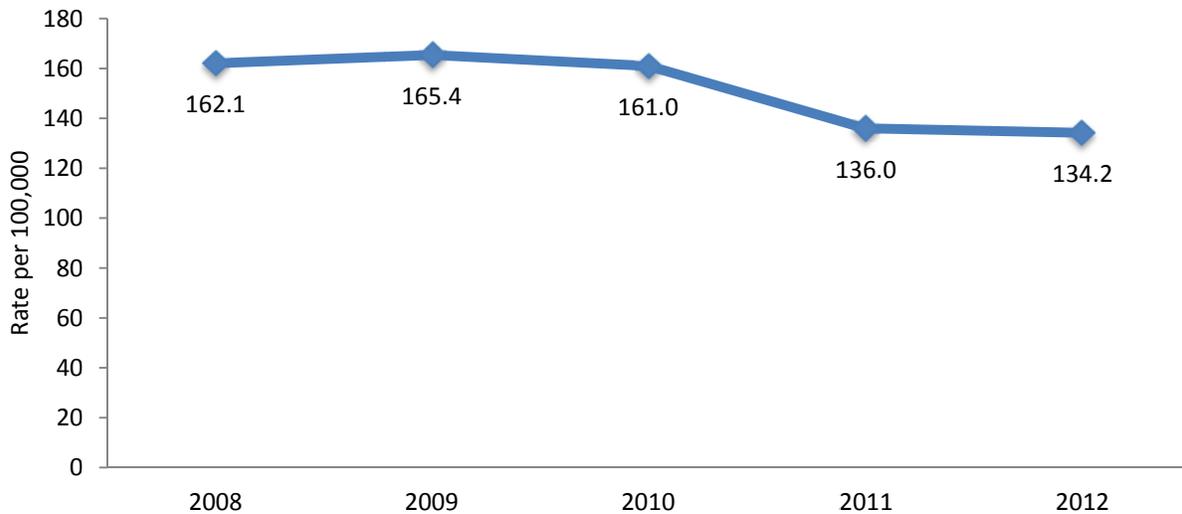
Figure 21. Percent of children 10 months to 5 years screened for developmental, behavioral and social delays by race/ethnicity and insurance type, Georgia compared to the US, 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

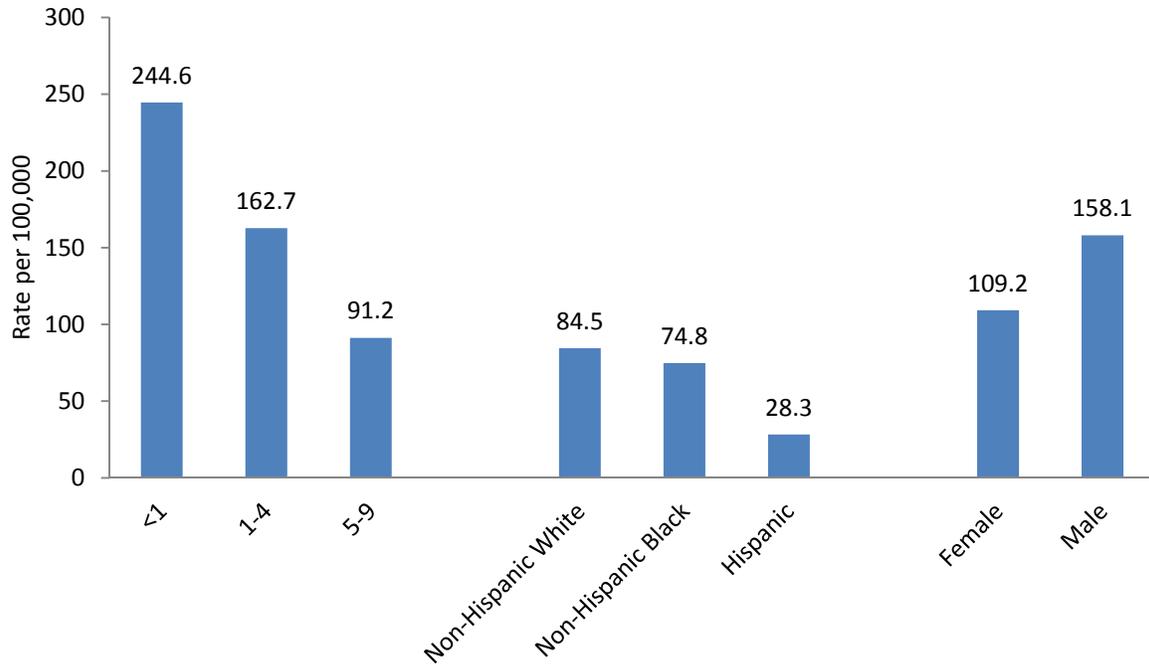
*Estimates for Non-Hispanic Blacks and Hispanics in Georgia are based on numerators less than 50 and should be interpreted with caution

Figure 22. Rate of hospitalization for non-fatal injury per 100,000 children ages 0-9 by year, Georgia, 2008-2012



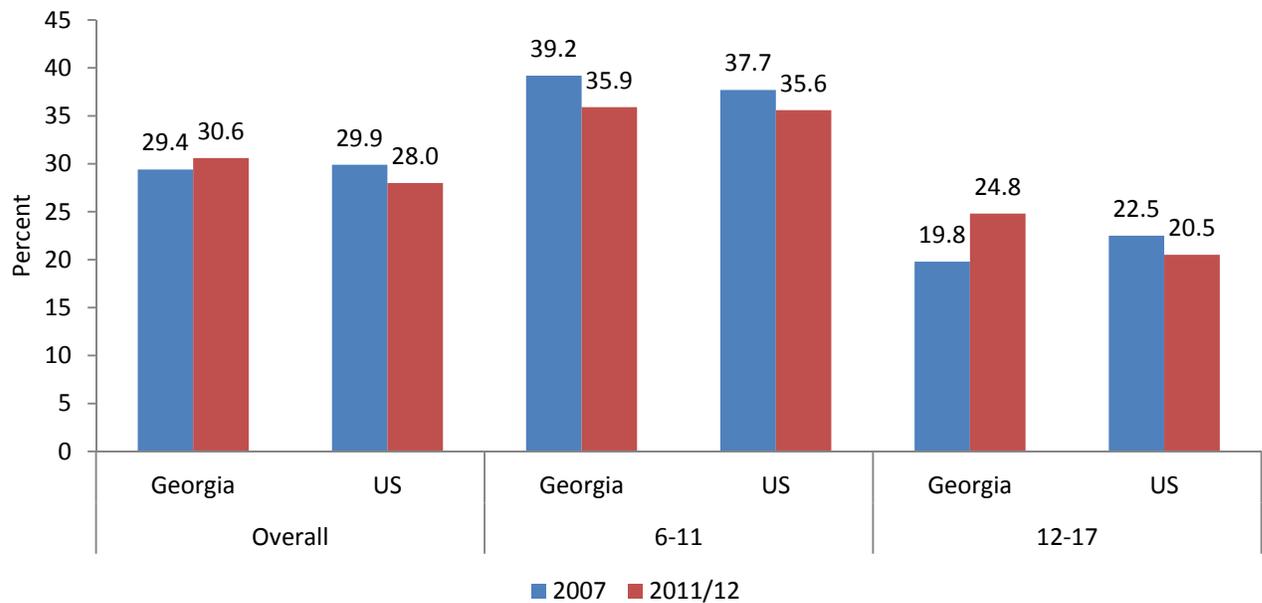
Source: State Inpatient Databases

Figure 23. Rate of hospitalization for non-fatal injury per 100,000 children ages 0-9 by age, race/ethnicity and gender, Georgia, 2012



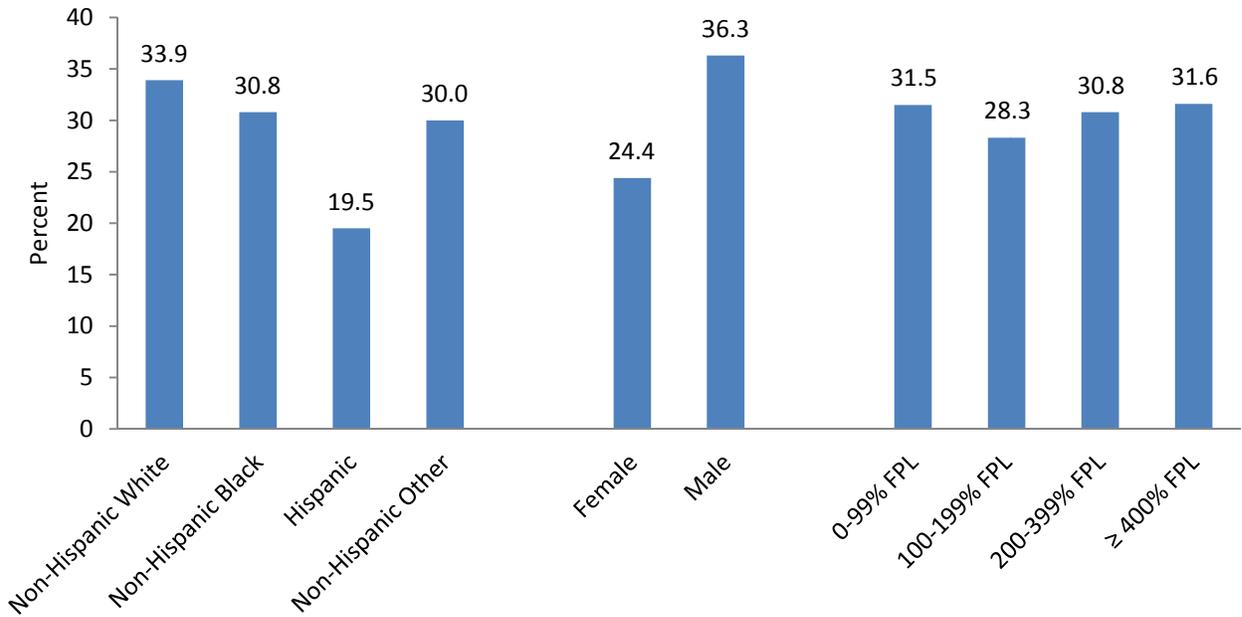
Source: State Inpatient Databases

Figure 24. Percent of children 6-17 who exercise for at least 20 minutes per day by age and year, Georgia compared to the US, 2007 and 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

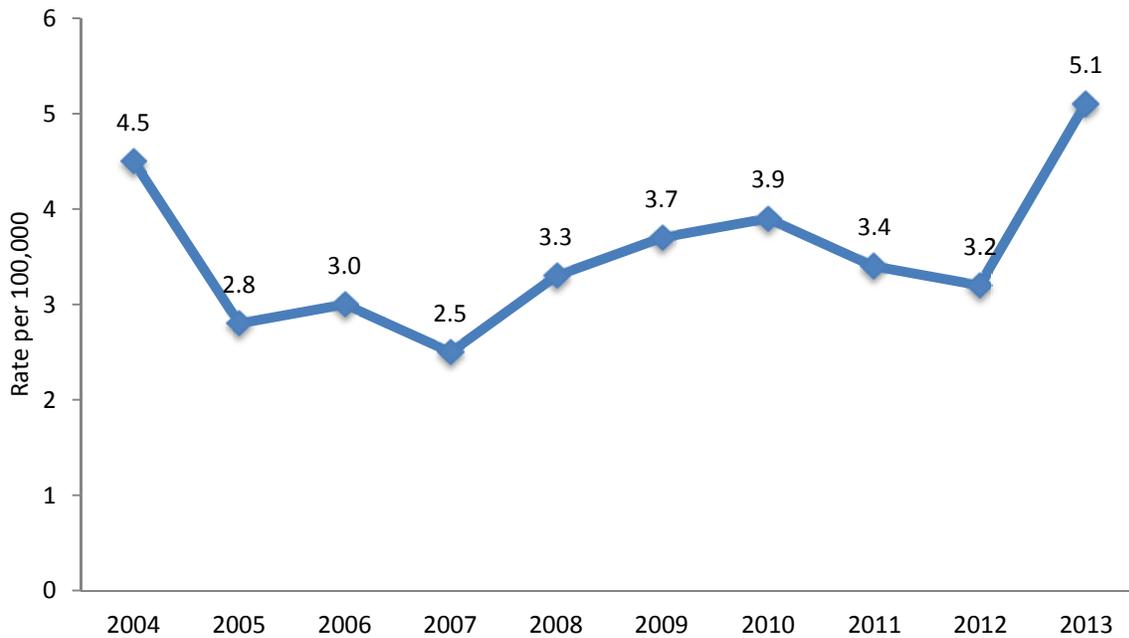
Figure 25. Percent of children 6-17 who exercise for at least 20 minutes per day by race/ethnicity, gender and household income, Georgia, 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

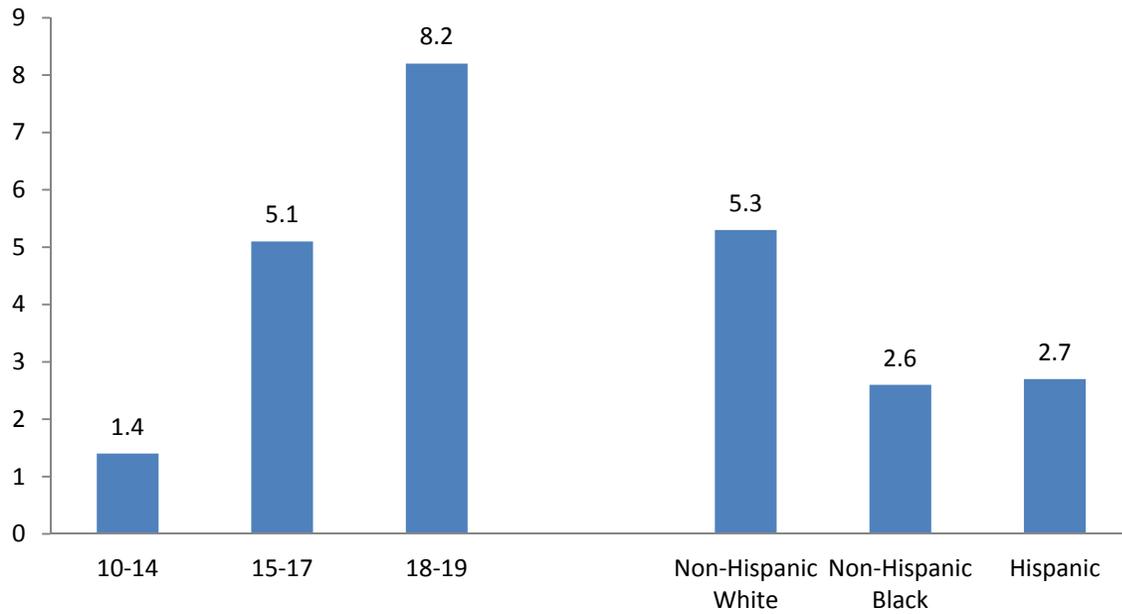
*Estimates for Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Other are based on numerators less than 50 and should be interpreted with caution

Figure 26. Suicide mortality rate per 100,000 10-19 by year, Georgia, 2004-2013



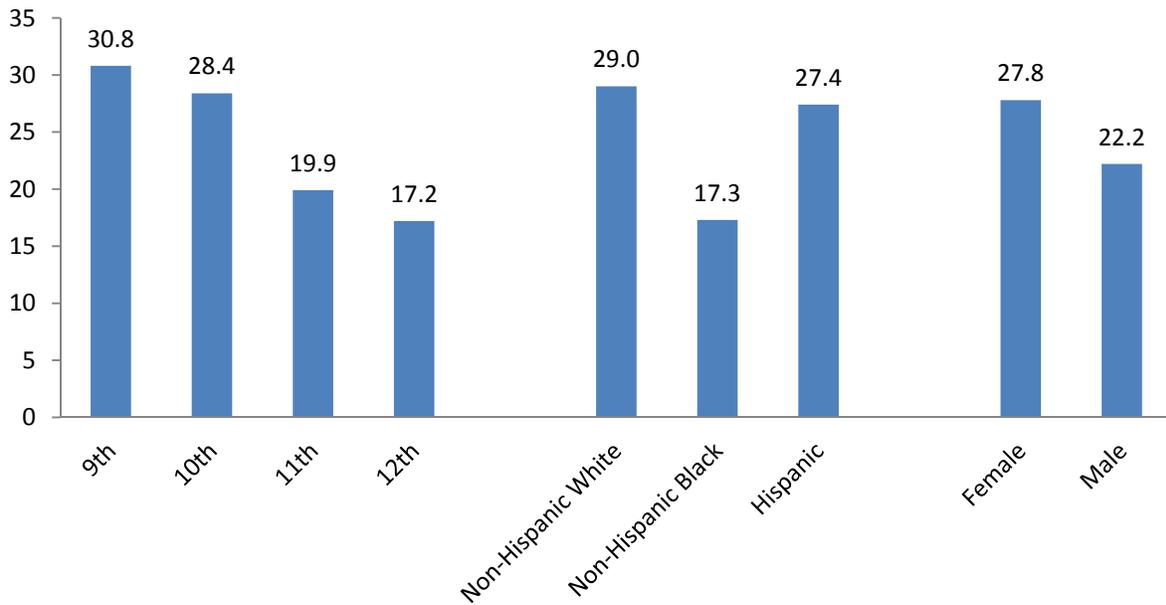
Source: OASIS

Figure 27. Suicide mortality rate per 100,000 10-19 by age and race/ethnicity, Georgia, 2009-2013



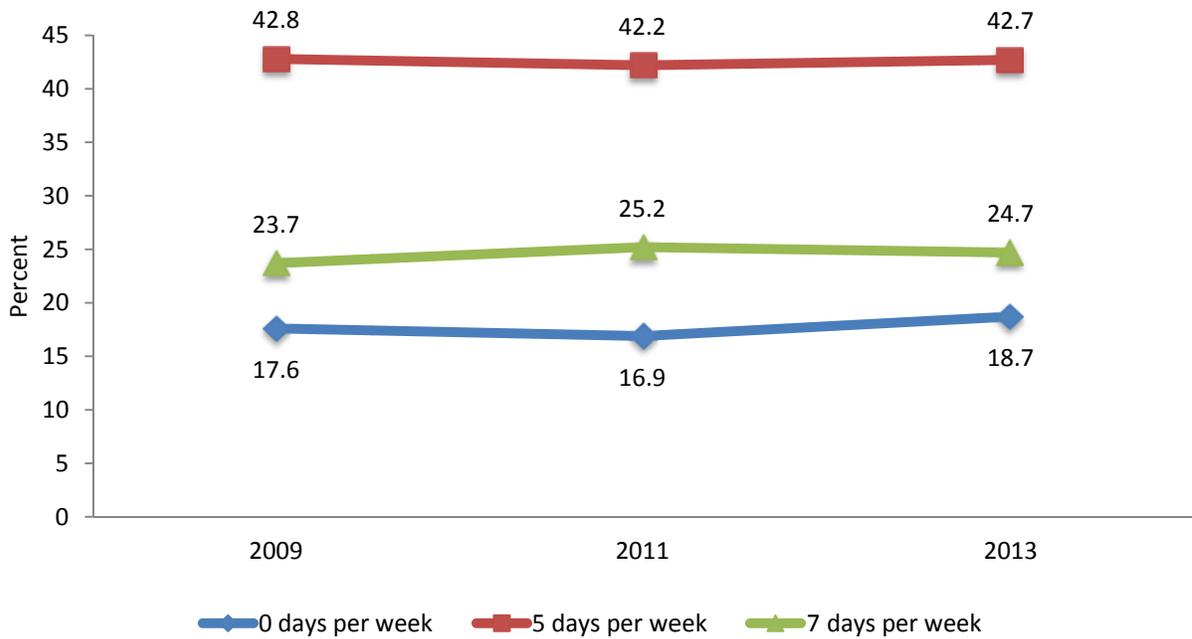
Source: OASIS

Figure 28. Percent of high school students who were bullied or who bullied others by grade, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2013



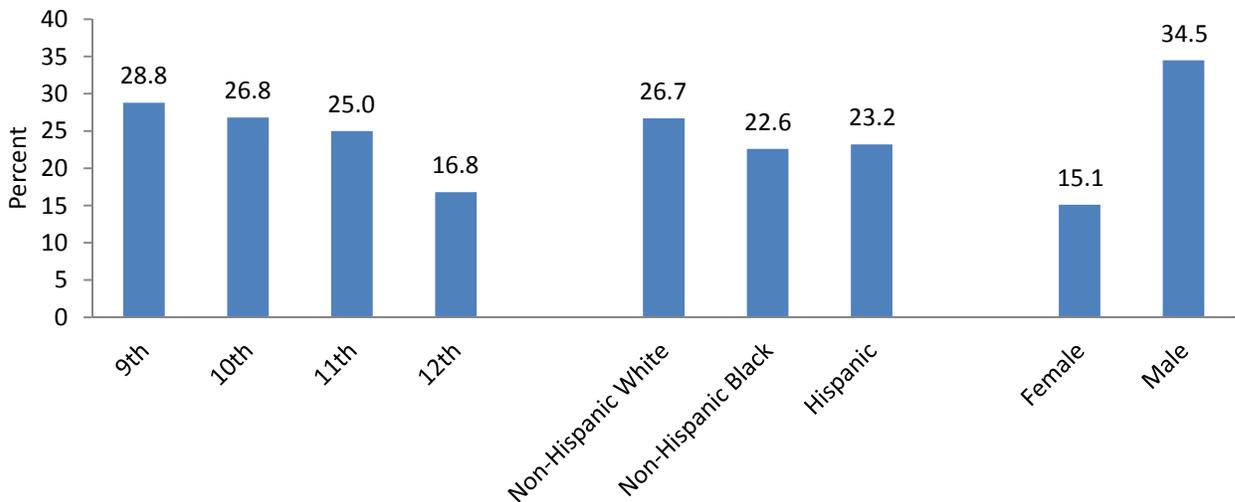
Source: Youth Risk Behavior Survey

Figure 29. Percent of high school students performing 60 minutes of physical activity by frequency and year, Georgia, 2009, 2011, 2013



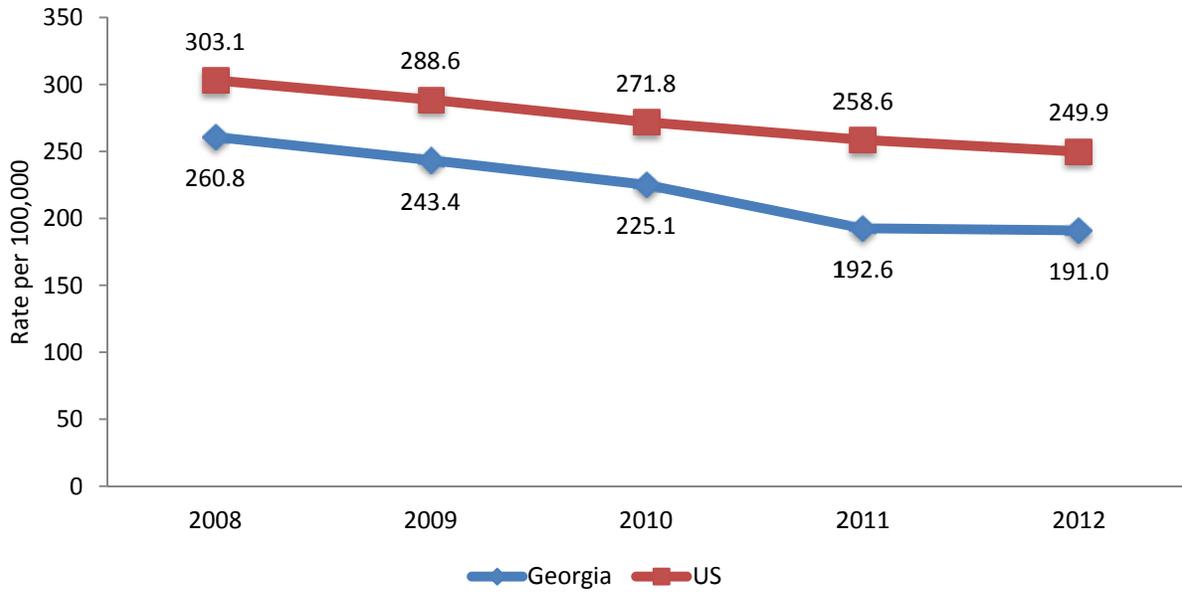
Source: Youth Risk Behavior Survey

Figure 30. Percent of high school students who are physically active for 60 minutes a day every day of the week by grade, race/ethnicity and gender, Georgia compared to the US, 2007-2013



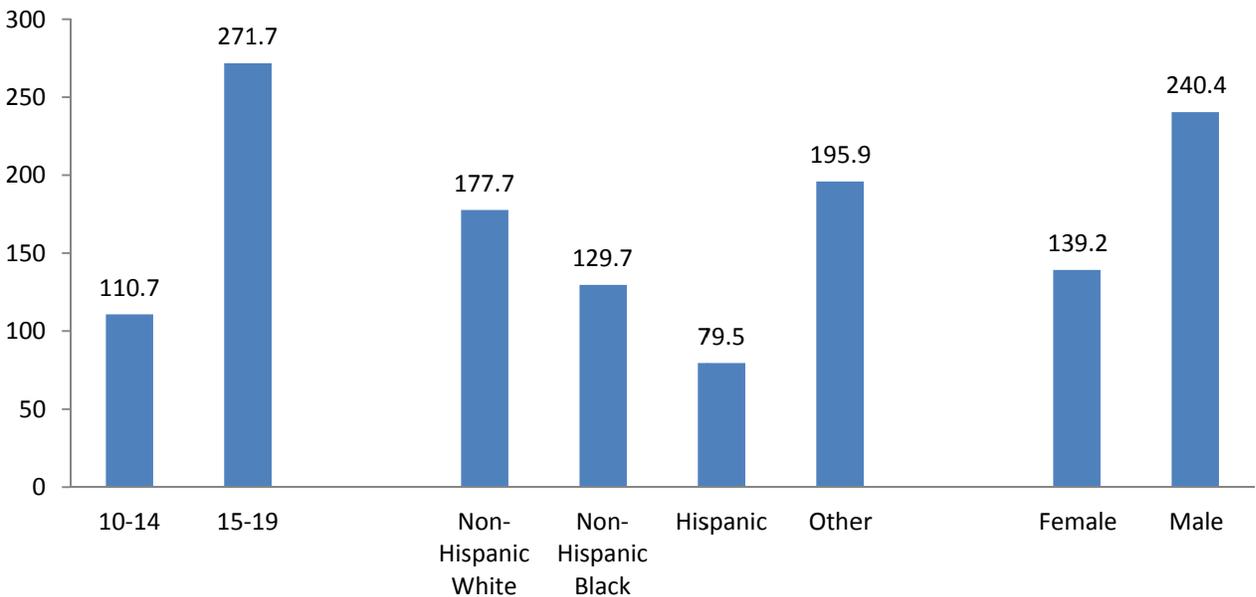
Source: Youth Risk Behavior Survey

Figure 31. Rate of non-fatal injury per 100,000 adolescents 10-19 years by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2008-2012



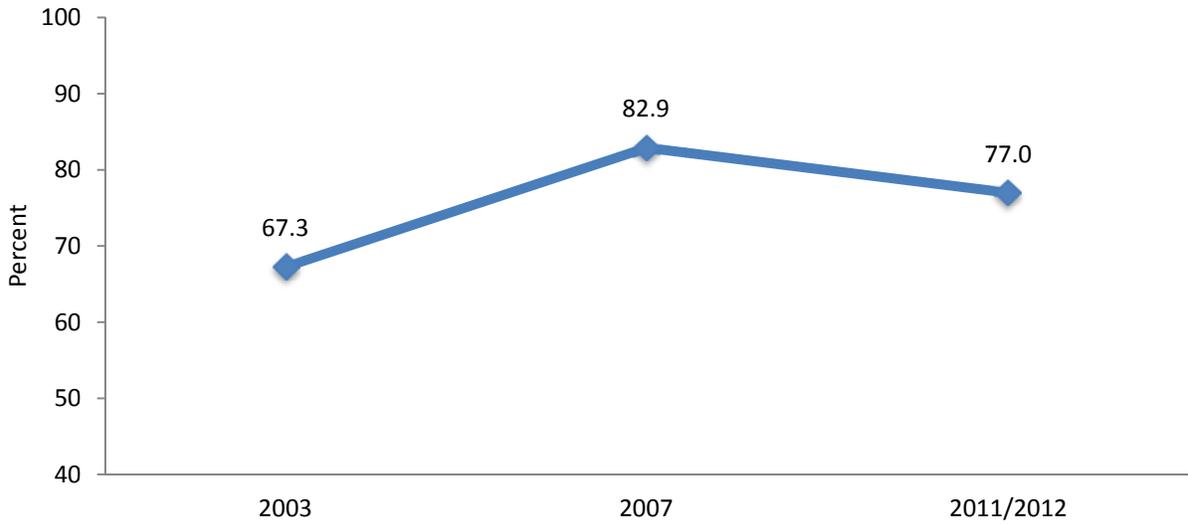
Source: State Inpatient Databases

Figure 32. Rate of non-fatal injury per 100,000 adolescents 10-19 years by age, race/ethnicity and gender, Georgia, 2012



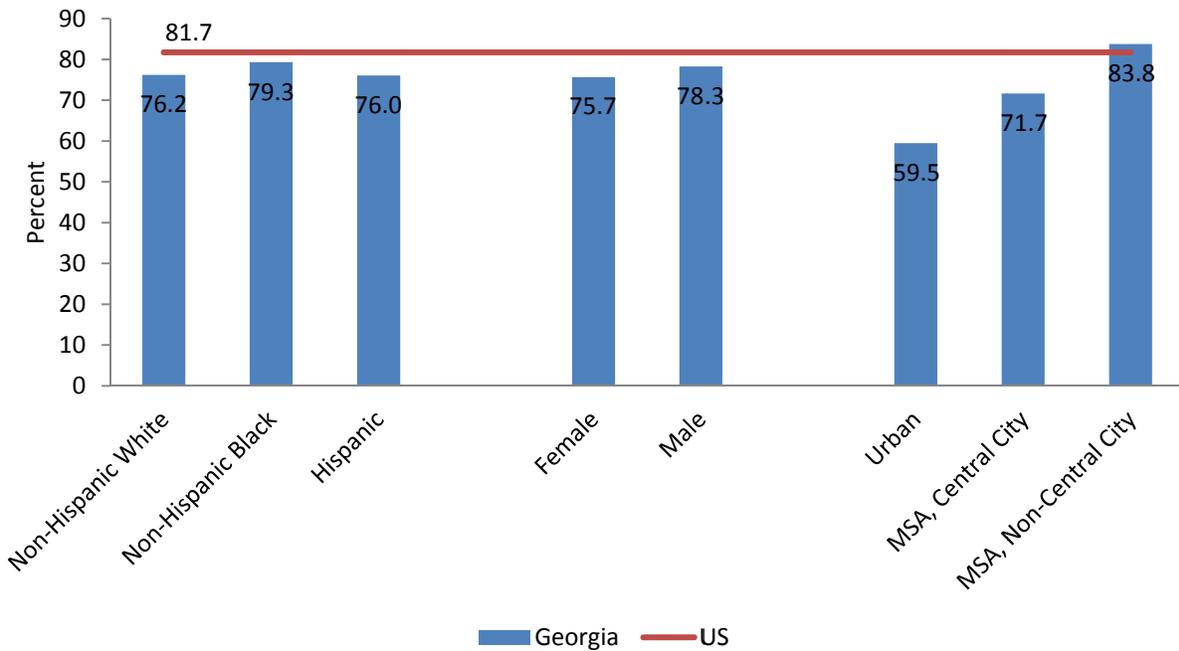
Source: State Inpatient Databases

Figure 33. Percent of adolescents 12-17 who received a preventive medical visit in the past year by year, Georgia, 2003, 2007, 2011/12



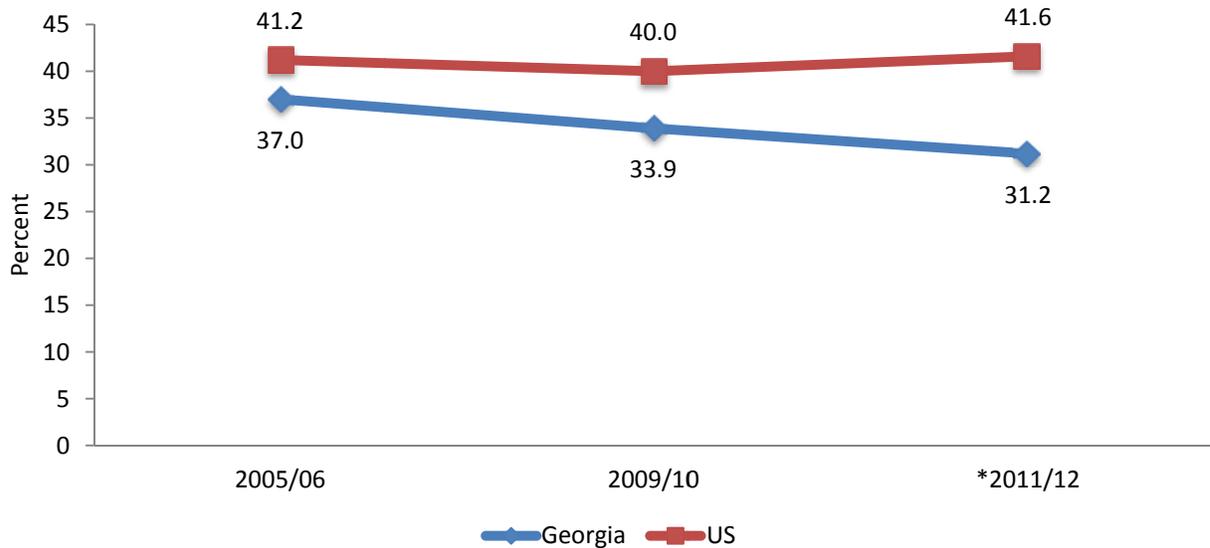
Source: National Survey of Children's Health

Figure 34. Percent of adolescents 12-17 who received a preventive medical visit in the past year by race/ethnicity, gender and place of residence, Georgia, 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

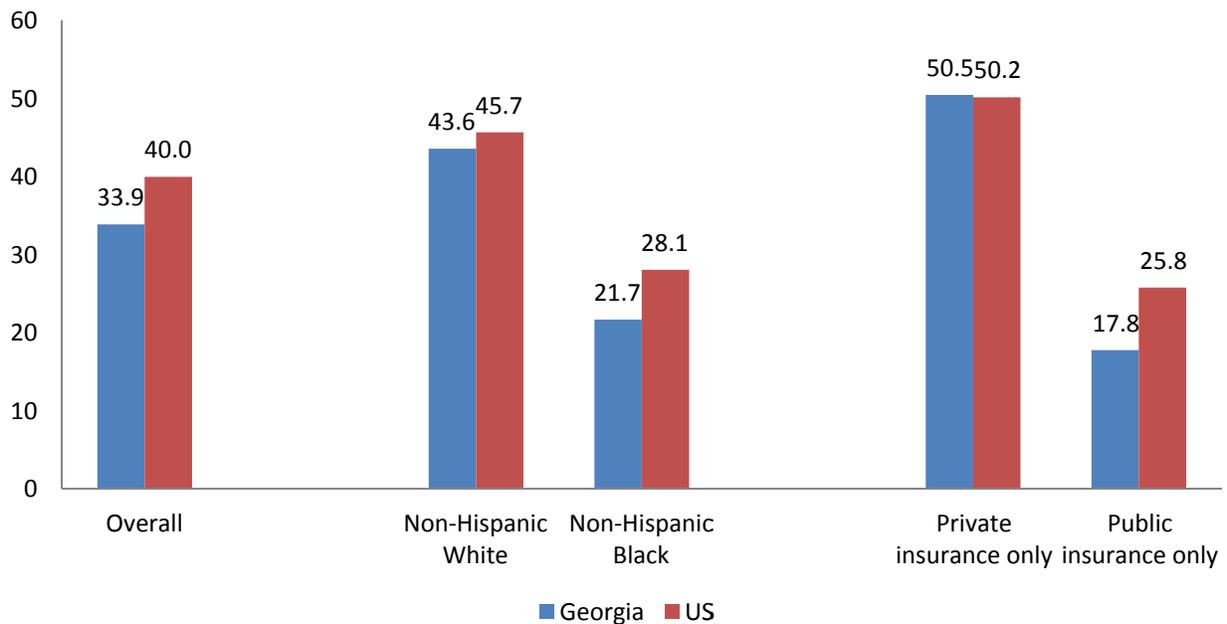
Figure 35. Percent of CYSHCN 12-17 who receive the services necessary to make transitions to adult health care, work and independence by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2005/06-2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

*2011/12 estimates are based on projection analysis

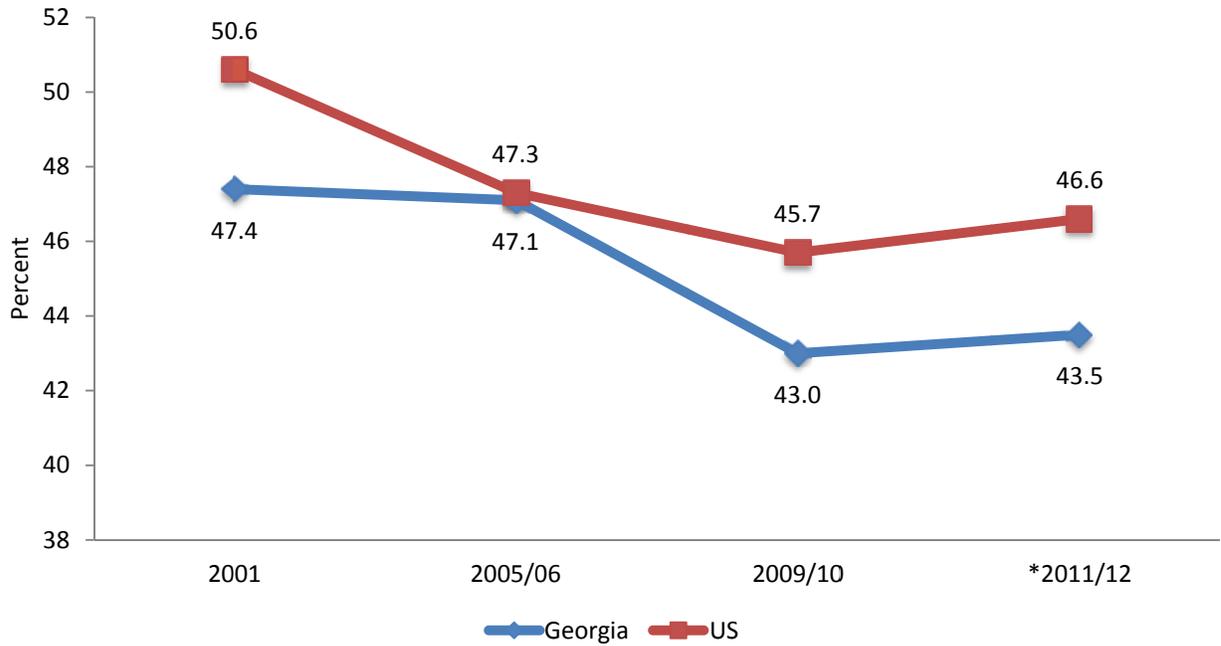
Figure 36. Percent of CYSHCN 12-17 who receive services necessary to make transitions to adult health care, work and independence by race and type of insurance, Georgia compared to the US, 2009/10



Source: National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

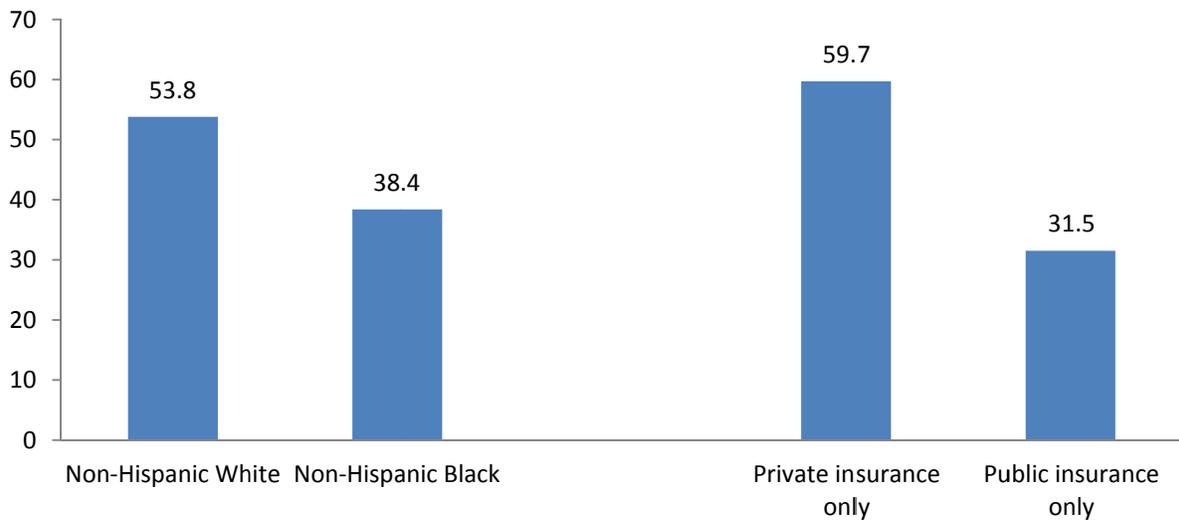
*Georgia's estimates for Non-Hispanic Black and Public insurance only are based on numerators <50 and should be interpreted with caution

Figure 37. Percent of CYSHCN 0-17 who receive coordinated, ongoing and comprehensive care within a medical home by year, Georgia compared to the US, 2001-2011/12



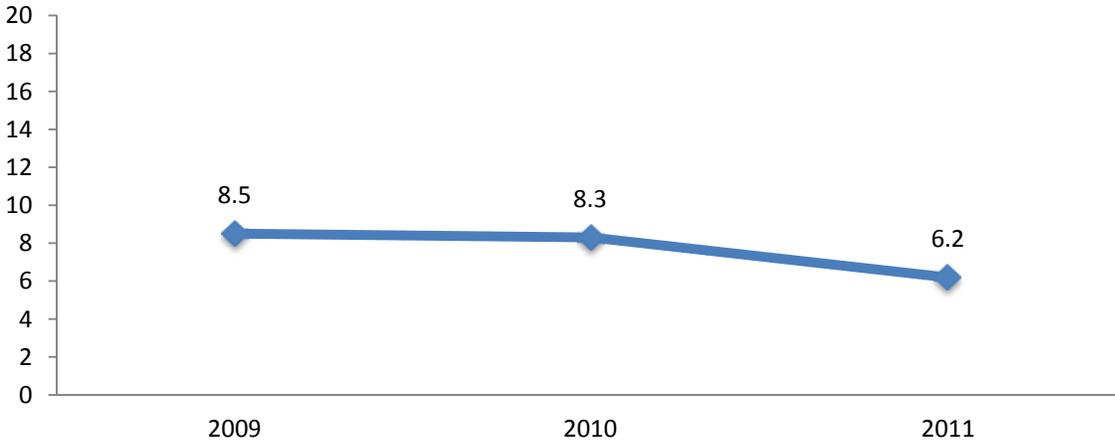
Source: National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs
 *2011/12 estimates are based on projection analysis

Figure 38. Percent of CYSHCN 0-17 who receive coordinated, ongoing and comprehensive care within a medical home by race/ethnicity and type of insurance, Georgia, 2009/10



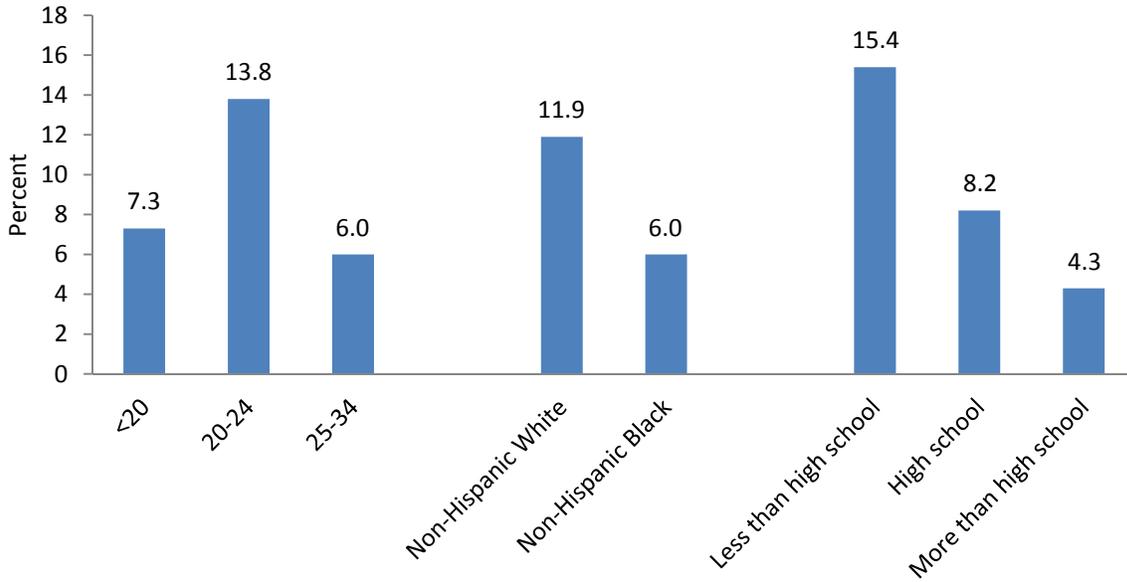
Source: National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

Figure 39. Percent of mothers who reported smoking during the last 3 months of pregnancy by year, Georgia, 2009-2011



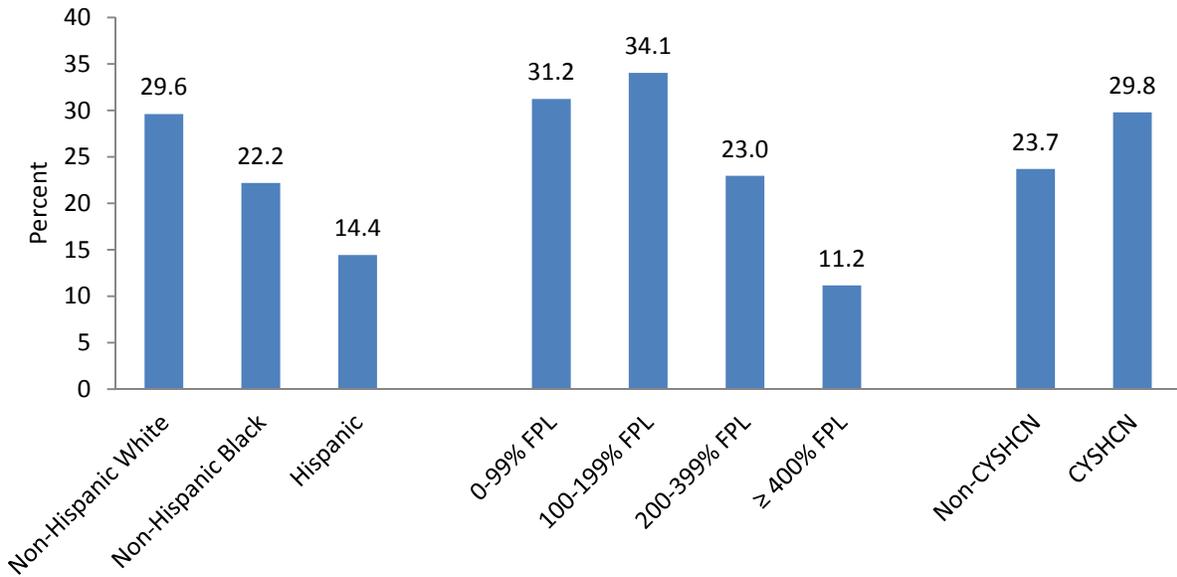
Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Figure 40. Percent of women who reported smoking during the last 3 months of pregnancy by maternal age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2009-2011



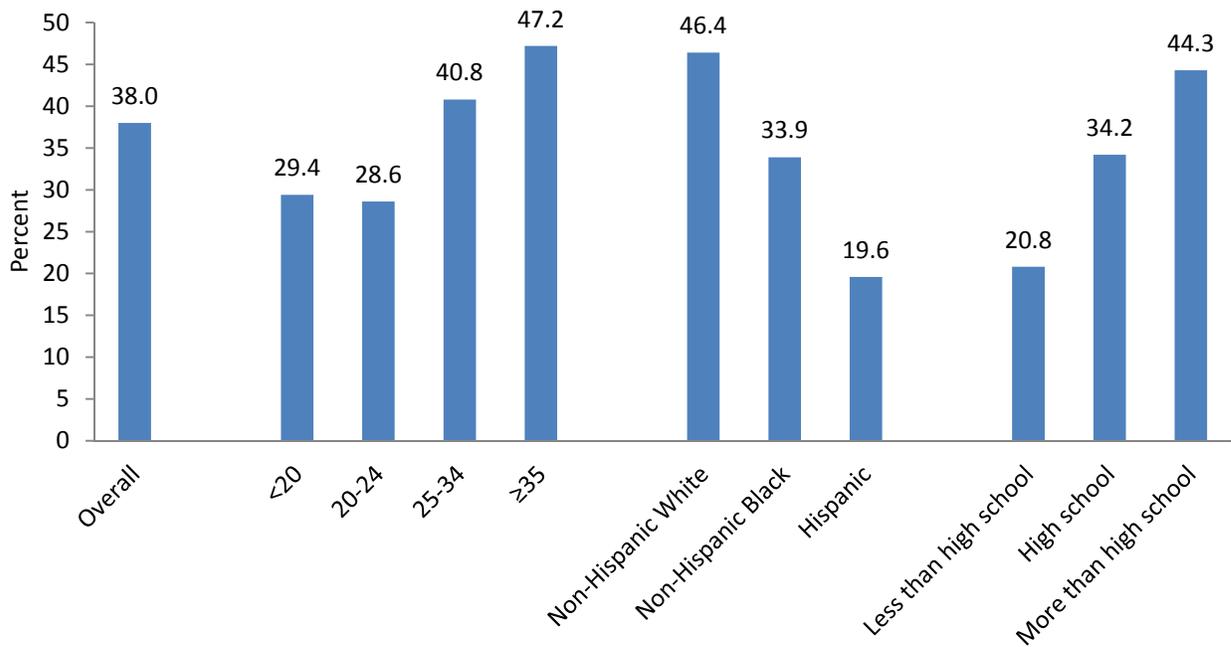
Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Figure 41. Percent of children 0 to 17 who live in homes where someone smokes by household income and CYSHCN status, Georgia, 2011/12



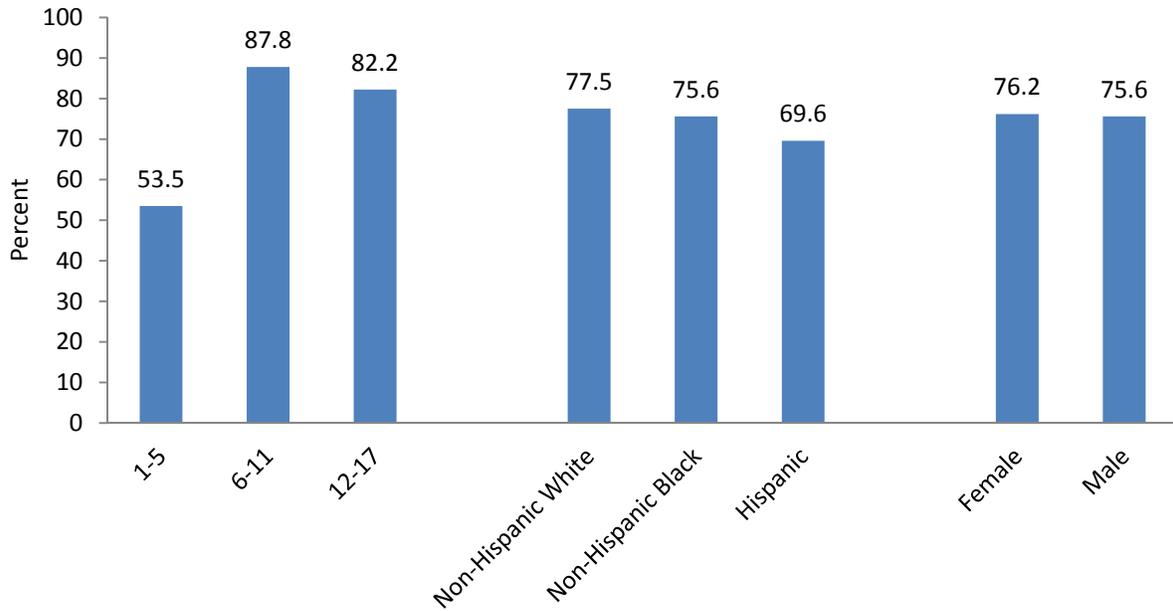
Source: National Survey of Children's Health

Figure 42. Percent of mothers who had their teeth cleaned during pregnancy by age, race/ethnicity and education, Georgia, 2012



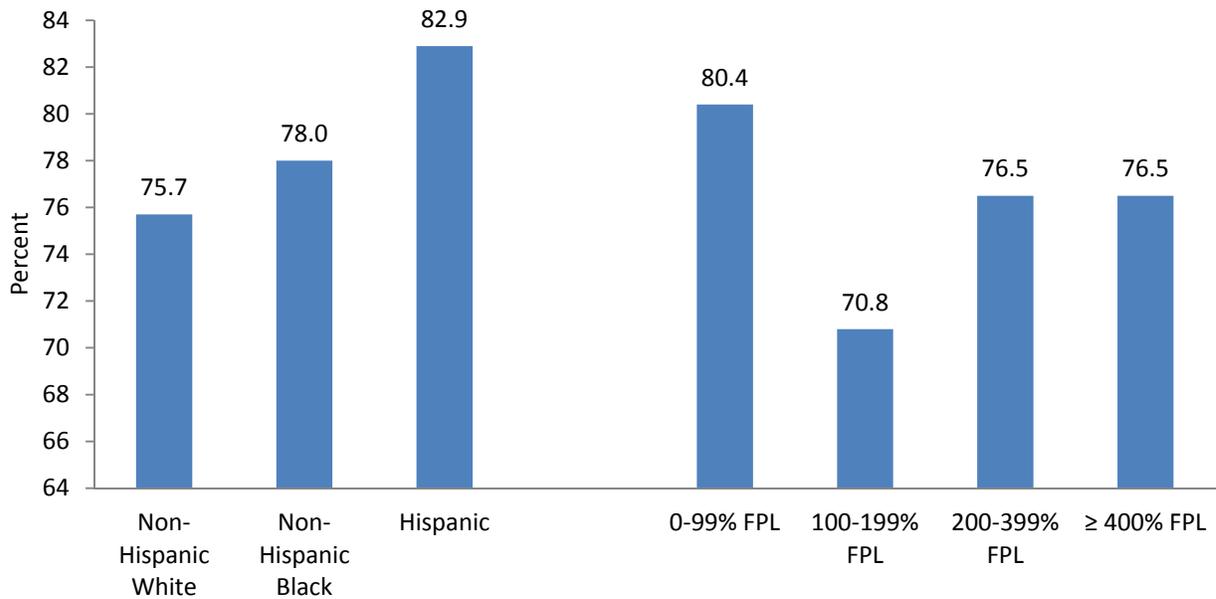
Source: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System

Figure 43. Percent of children 1-17 who received a preventive dental visit in the past year by age, race/ethnicity and gender, Georgia, 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health

Figure 44. Percent of children 0-17 who are adequately insured by race/ethnicity and household income, Georgia, 2011/12



Source: National Survey of Children's Health